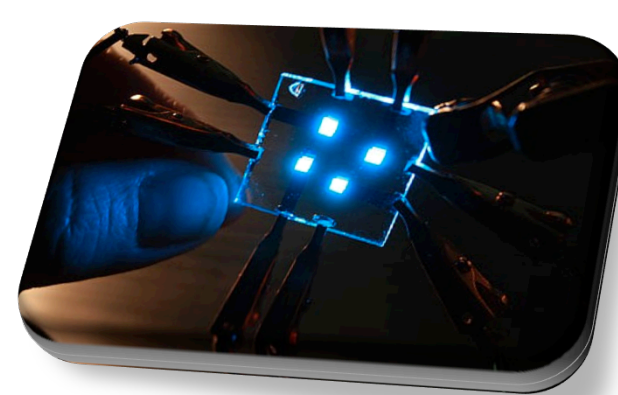
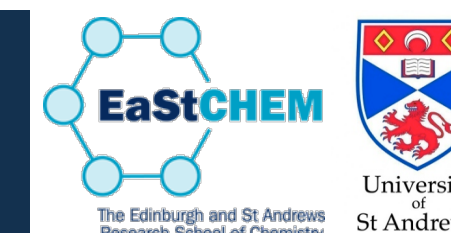


# Strategies Towards the Generation of Highly Luminescent Blue Emitters for Light-Emitting Electrochemical Cells



Eli Zysman-Colman\*, School of Chemistry, University of St Andrews  
St Andrews, Fife, UK, KY16 9ST, ezc@st-andrews.ac.uk, http://www.zysman-colman.com

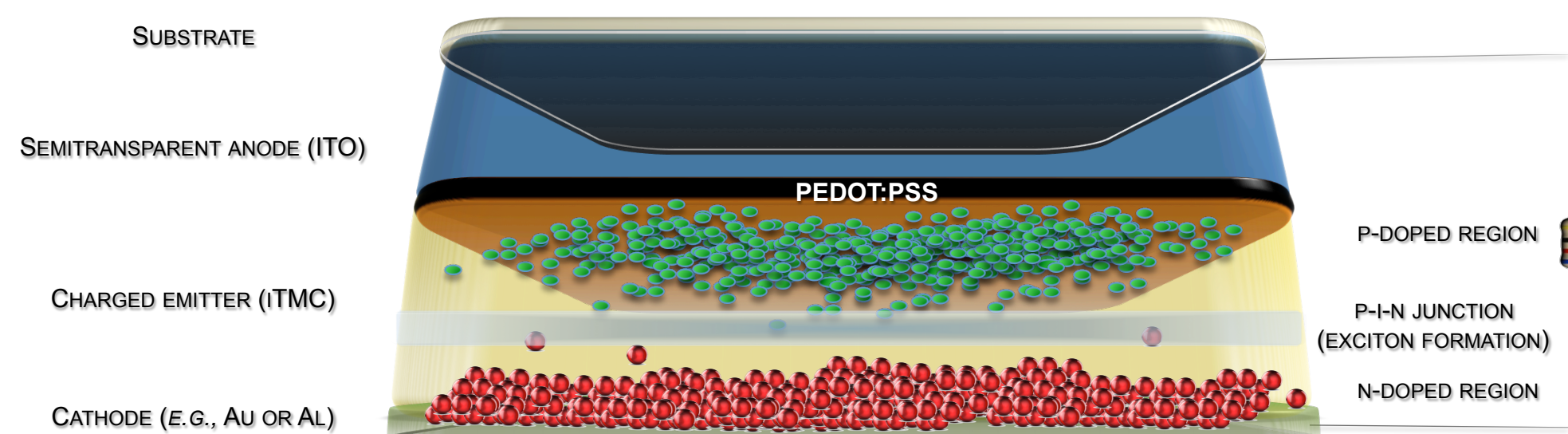


## INTRODUCTION

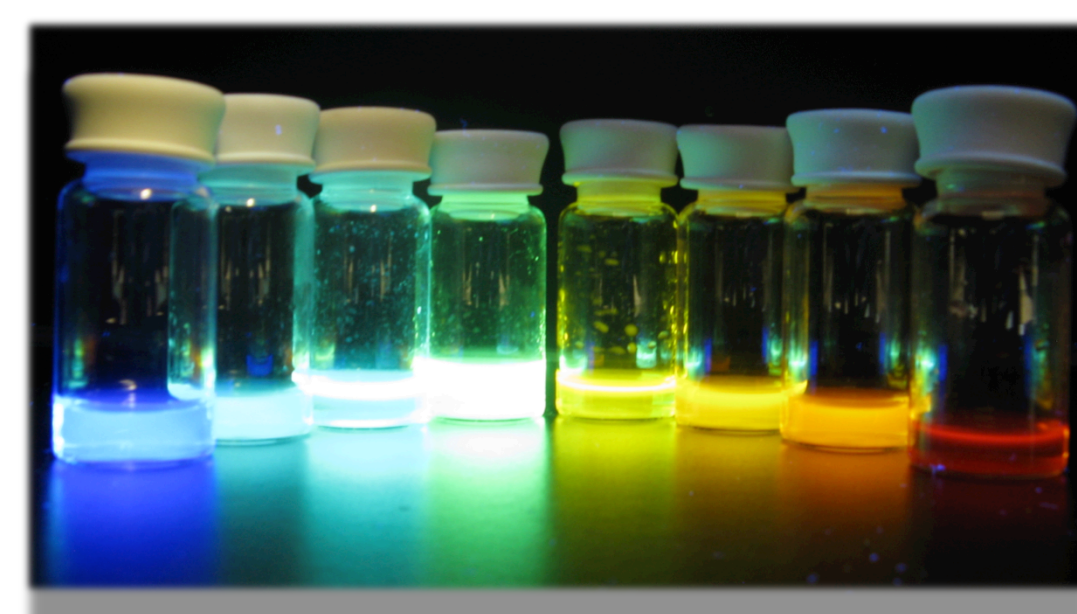
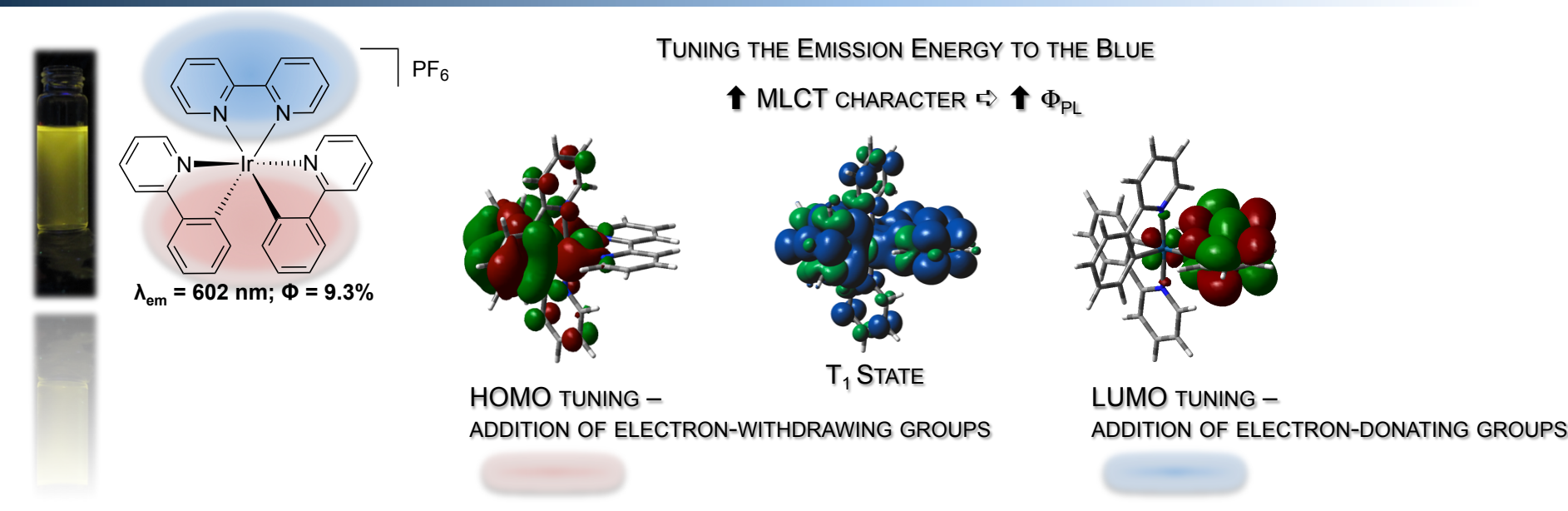
Light-emitting electrochemical cells (LEECs) are a type of solid-state lighting based on a simple architecture (right), consisting of a singlet active layer composed of a phosphorescent ionic transition metal complex (ITMC). LEECs are promising candidates for large area flat panel lighting as they

- Use air-stable electrodes
- Exhibit high luminescence efficiencies
- Can be easily fabricated using roll-to-roll solution processing techniques
- Are AC drivable
- Use less energy during operation

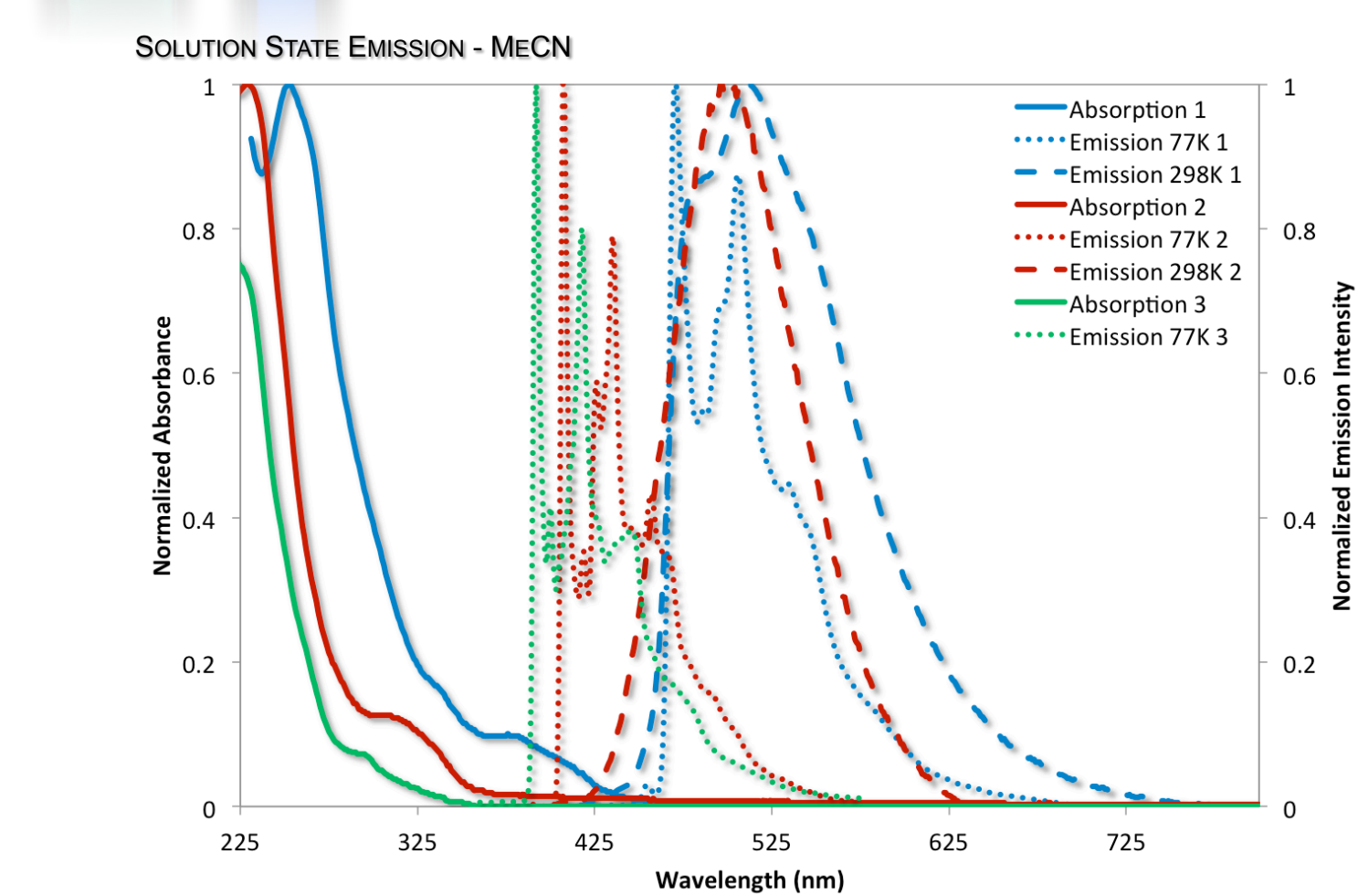
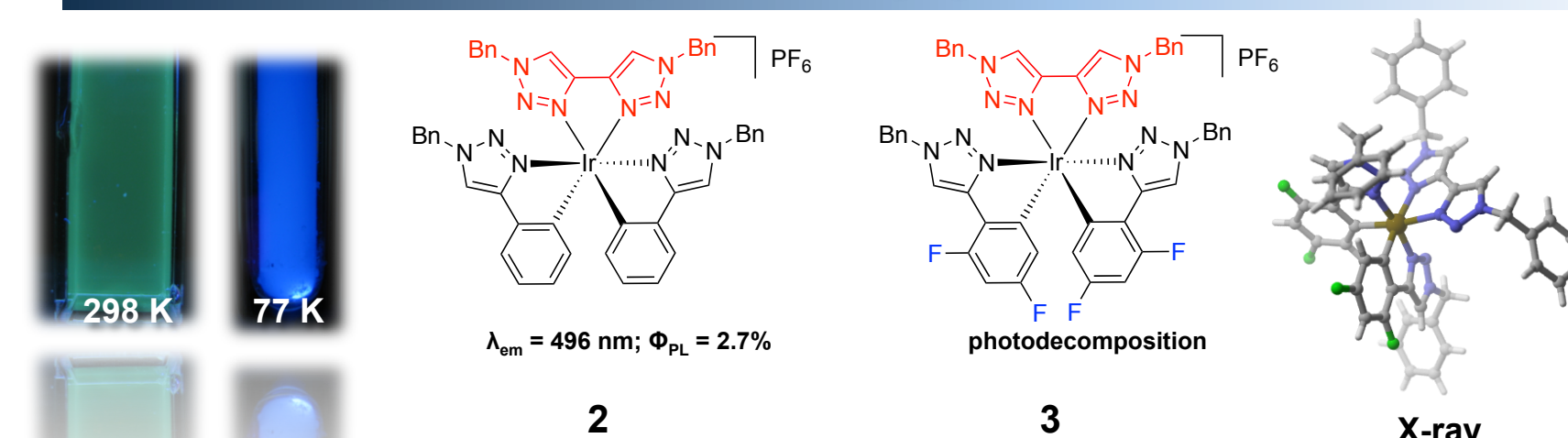
However, design challenges remain. One issue that must be addressed is the development of a true-blue emitter that, when incorporated into the LEEC, results in a bright and stable device.



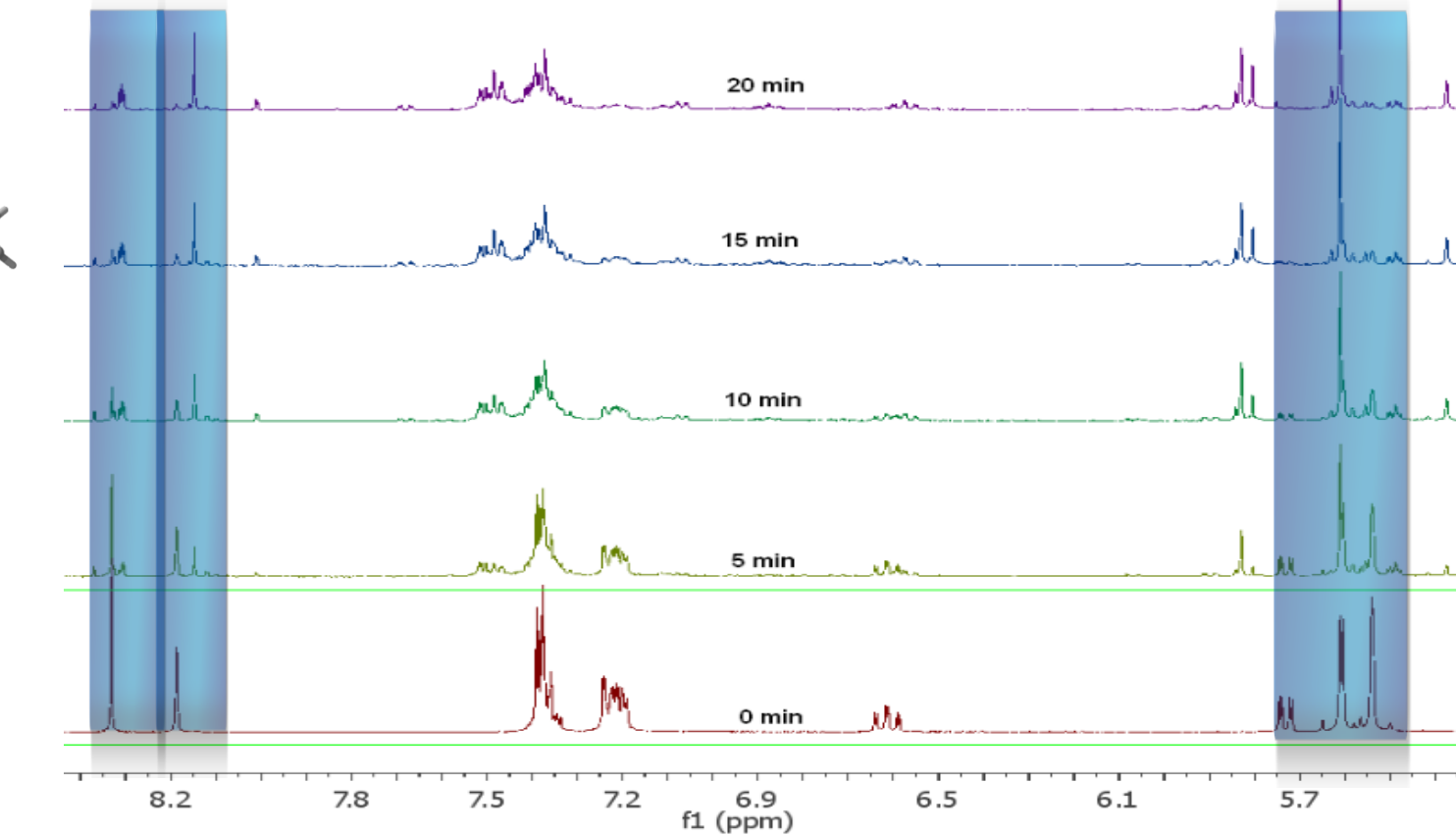
## Design Paradigm



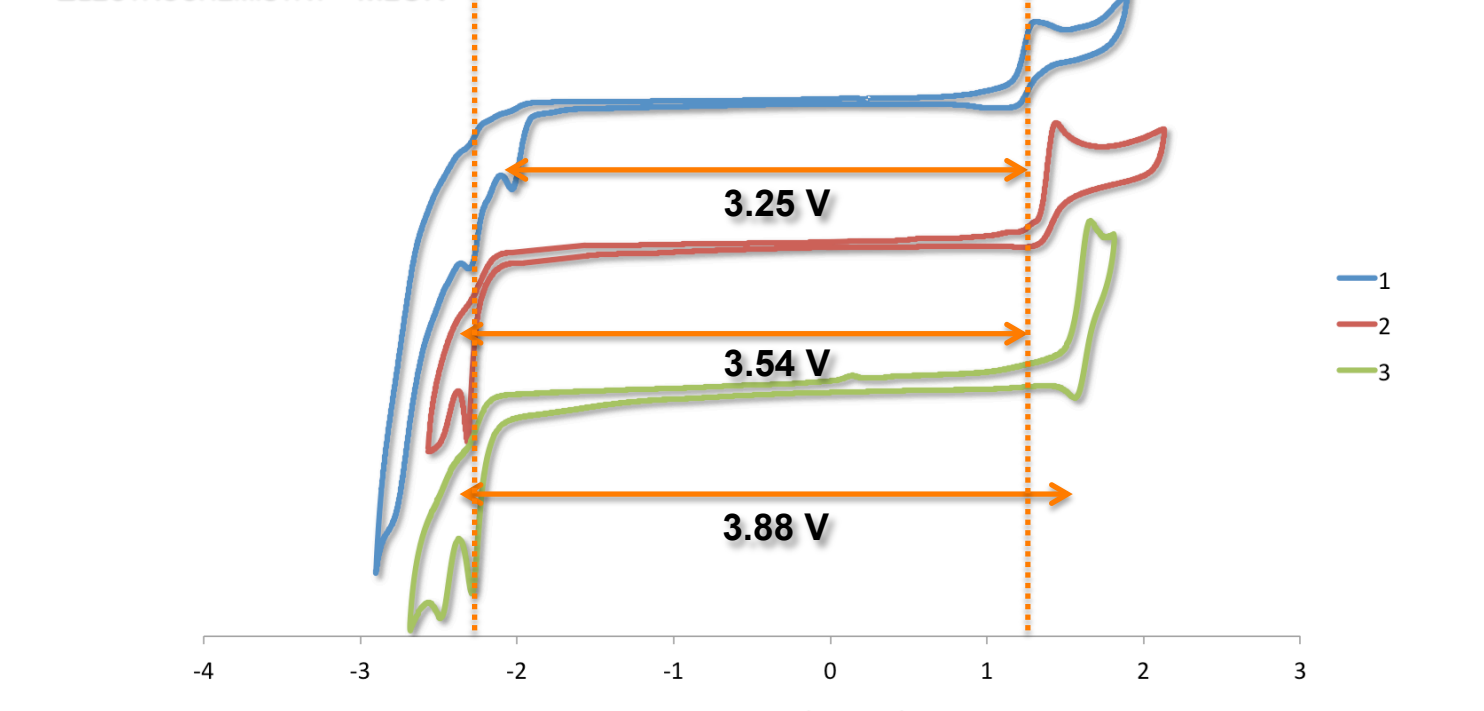
## The Use of Aryltriazoles as Cyclometalating Ligands – 4th Generation



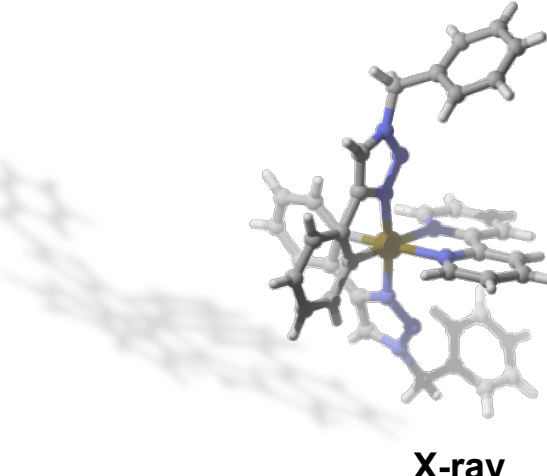
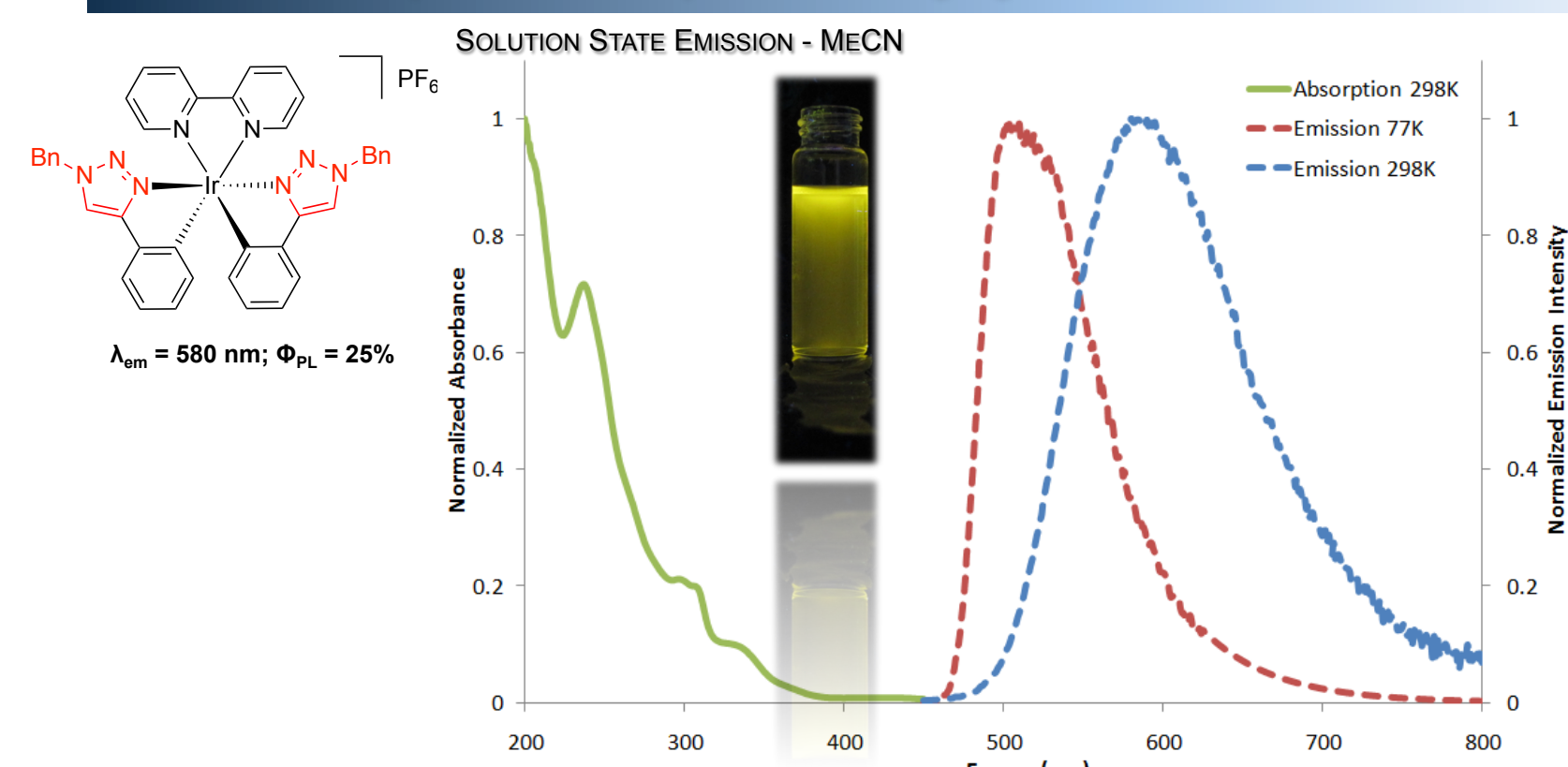
## <sup>1</sup>H NMR PHOTODECOMPOSITION STUDY



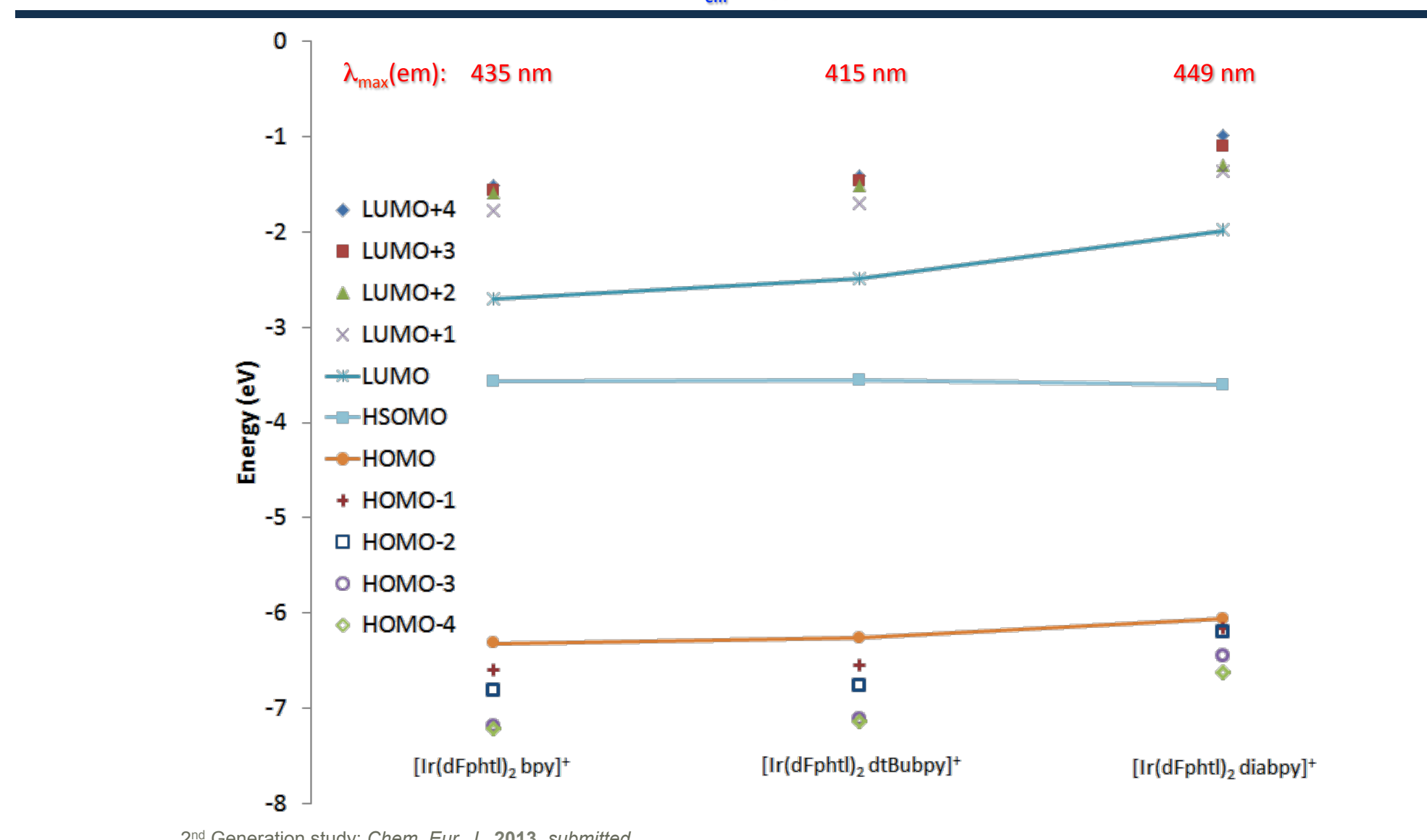
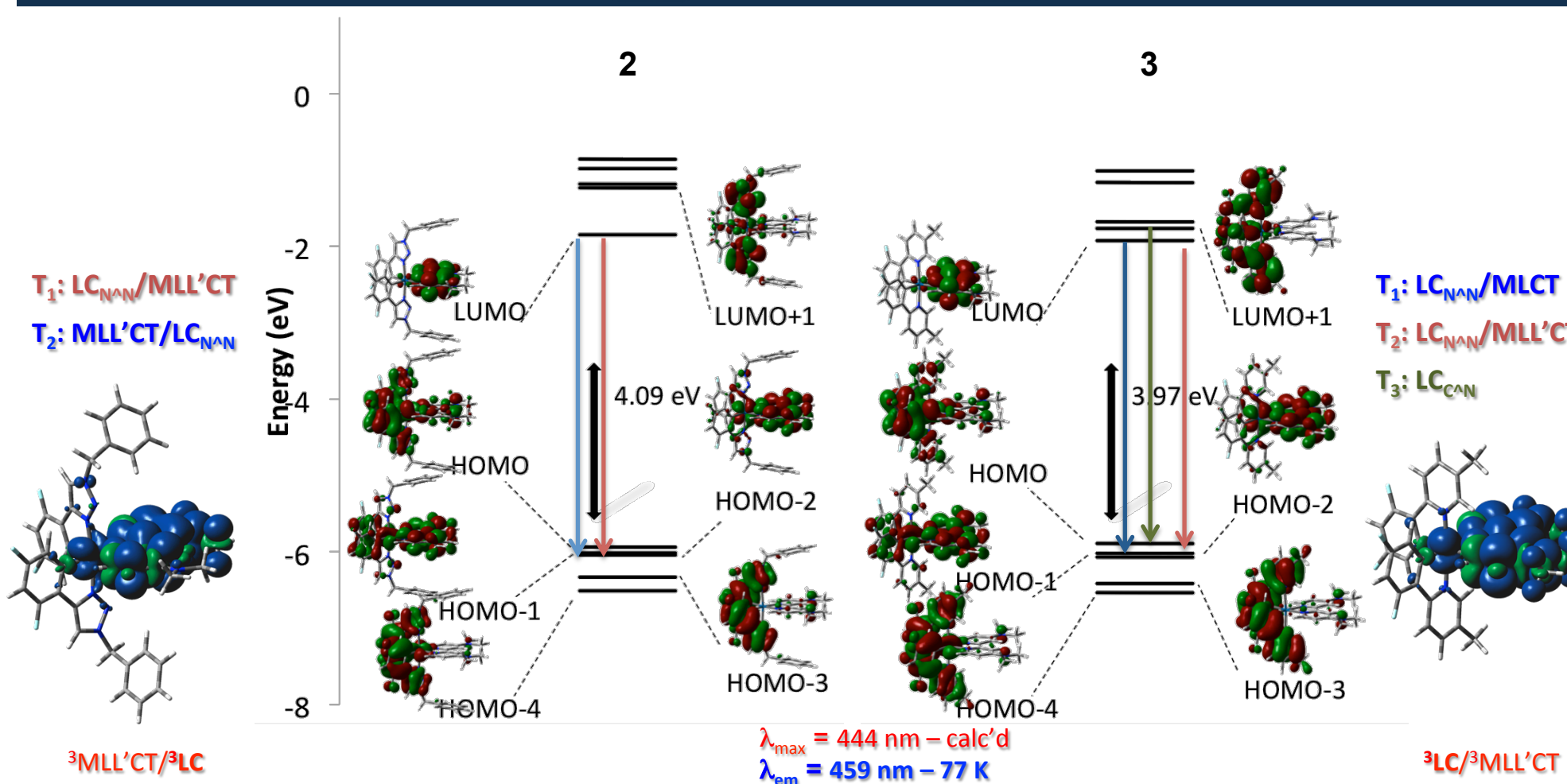
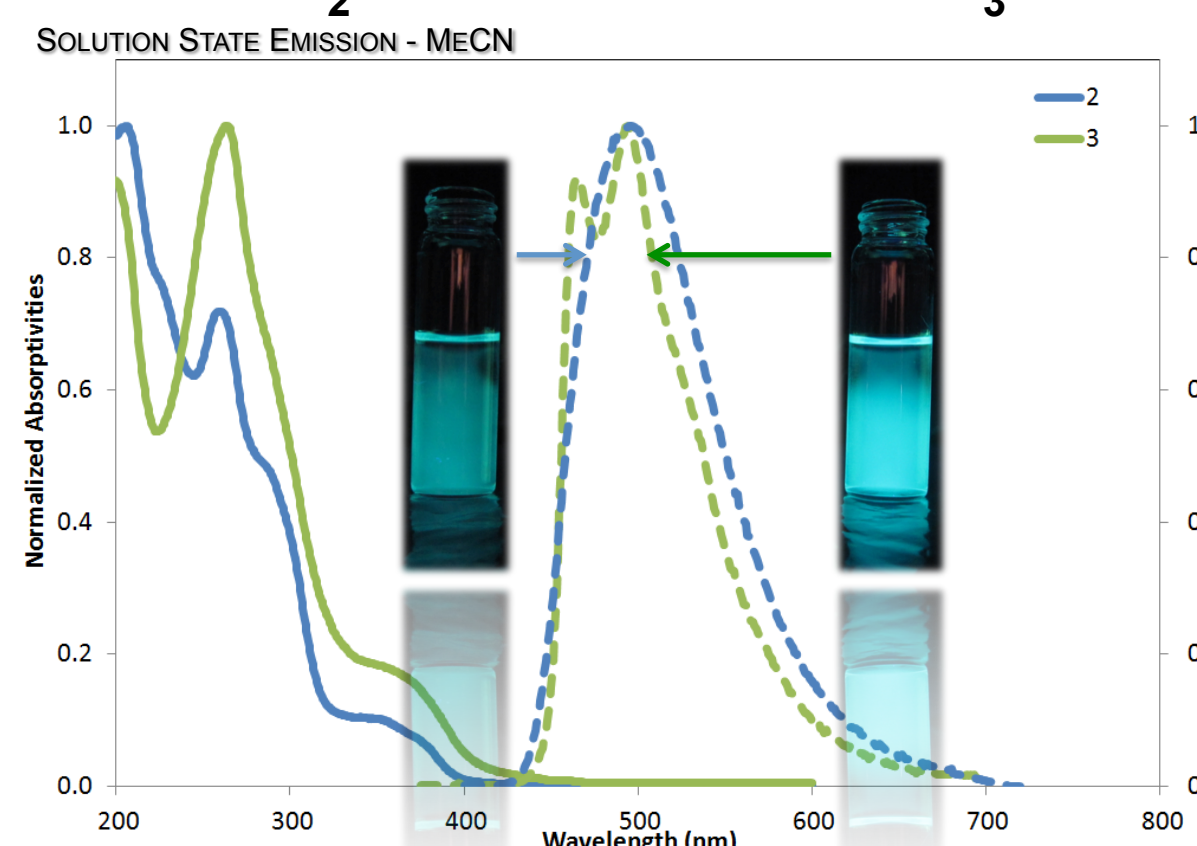
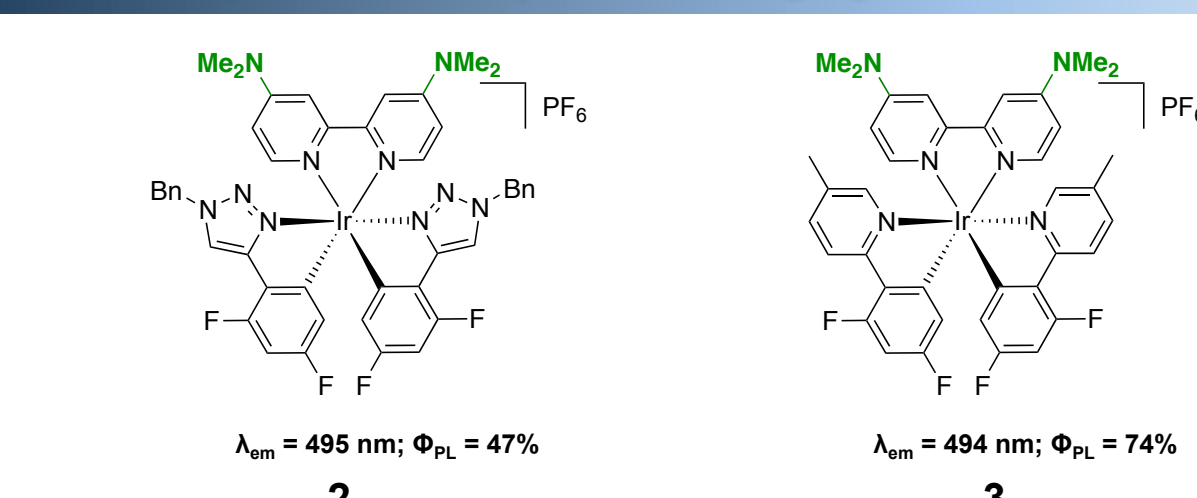
## ELECTROCHEMISTRY - MeCN



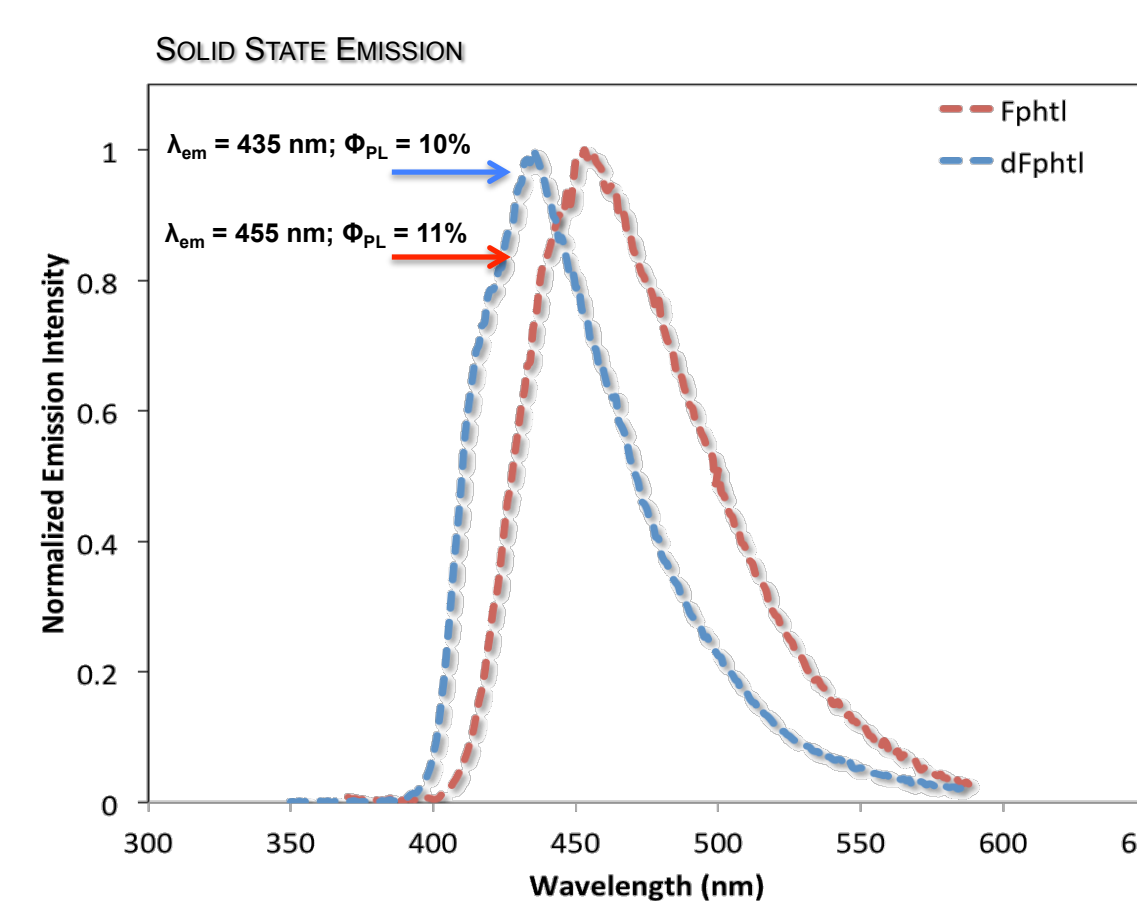
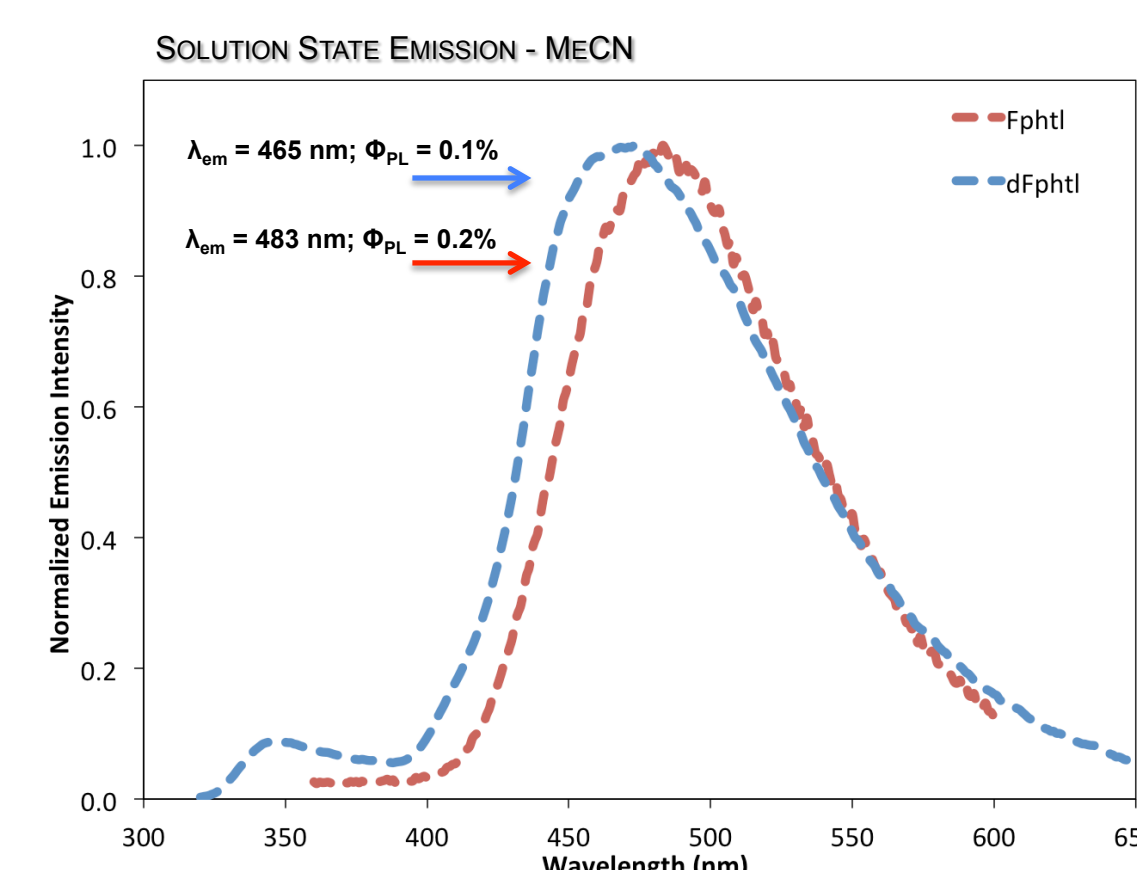
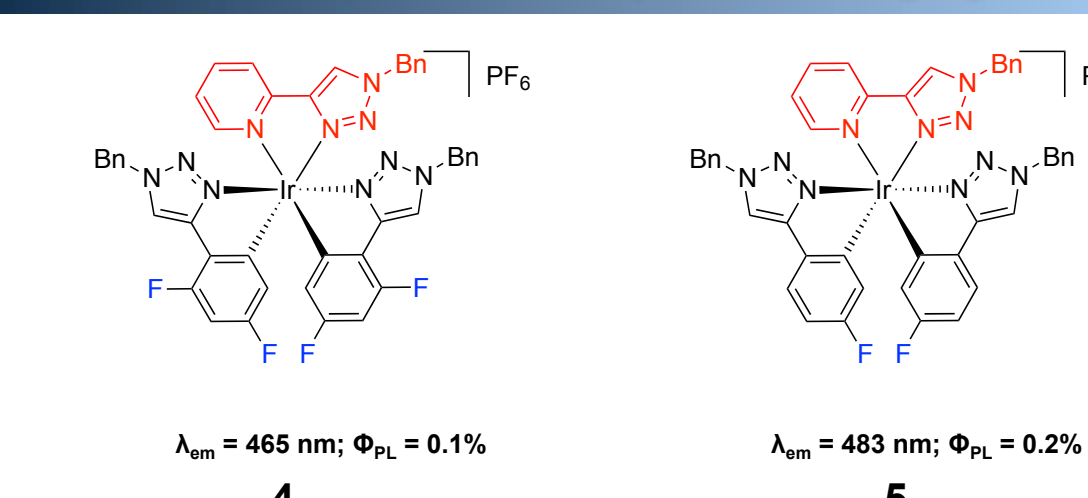
## The Use of Aryltriazoles as Cyclometalating Ligands – 1st Generation



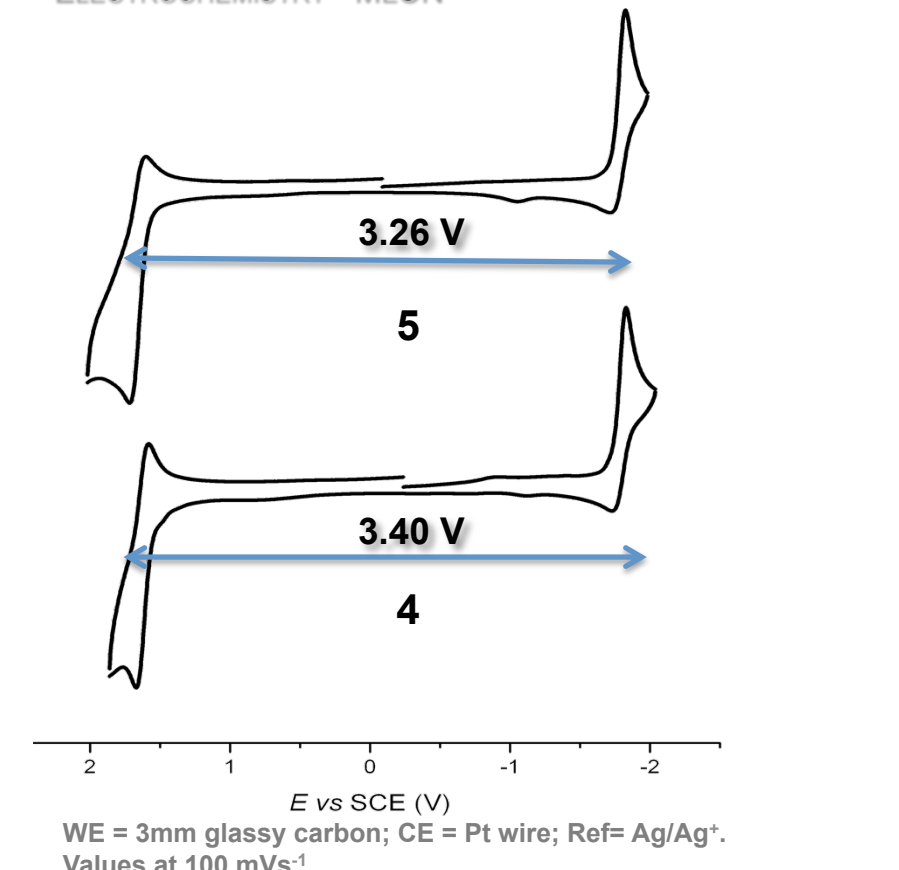
## The Use of Aryltriazoles as Cyclometalating Ligands – 2nd Generation



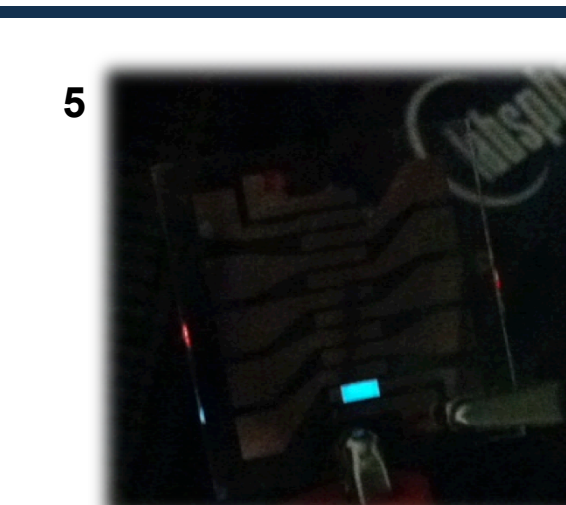
## The Use of Aryltriazoles as Cyclometalating Ligands – 3rd Generation



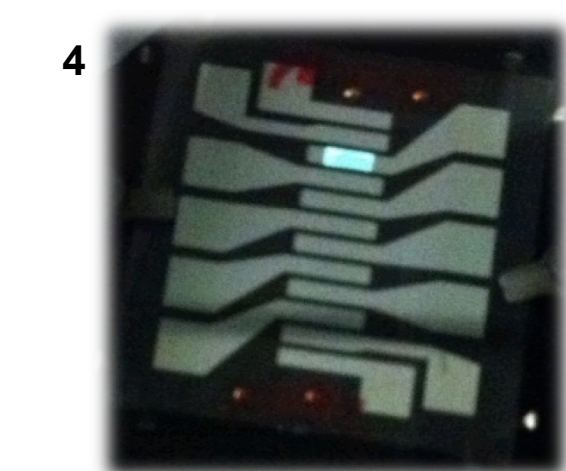
## ELECTROCHEMISTRY - MeCN



## LEECs



LEEC (9V):  $\lambda_{max} = 487$  nm;  
 $L_{max} = 13$  cd m<sup>-2</sup>;  $t_{1/2} = 48$  min;  
EQE = 0.14%



LEEC (9V):  $\lambda_{max} = 508$  nm;  
 $L_{max} = 25$  cd m<sup>-2</sup>;  $t_{1/2} = 72$  min;  
EQE = 0.48%

J. Mater. Chem. C, 2013, submitted

## CONCLUSIONS

The use of triazole-containing ligands represents a promising avenue towards the generation of blue-emitting cationic Ir(III) complexes and their successful incorporation into functional blue-emitting LEECs.

Current work is focused on replacement of the fluorine atoms in the cyclometalating ligands with other electron-withdrawing functionalities as F-C<sub>sp2</sub> bonds have been shown to be cleaved under electroluminescent conditions in related OLED architectures.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

### GROUP MEMBERS CONTRIBUTING TO THIS WORK

Sébastien Ladouceur  
Loïc Donato  
Philippe Abel  
Shawn Galagher-Duval  
Xiaorong Wang  
Ahmed Moez Soliman

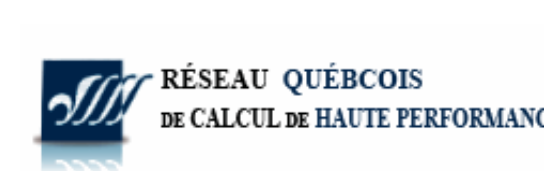
### COLLABORATORS LINKED TO THIS WORK

Luisa De Cola (ISIS – Université de Strasbourg)  
Jason Slinker (UT Dallas)  
Zhifeng Ding (University of Western Ontario)



Group photo, 04/2013

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One-pot synthesis: *Synthesis*, 2011, 22, 3604  
Structure-property study: *Inorg. Chem.*, 2011, 50, 11514  
ECL study: *Chem. Commun.*, 2012, 48, 3179-3181

2<sup>nd</sup> Generation study: *Chem. Eur. J.*, 2013, submitted  
ECL studies: *ACIE*, 2012, 51, 11079; *RSC Adv.*, 2013, submitted